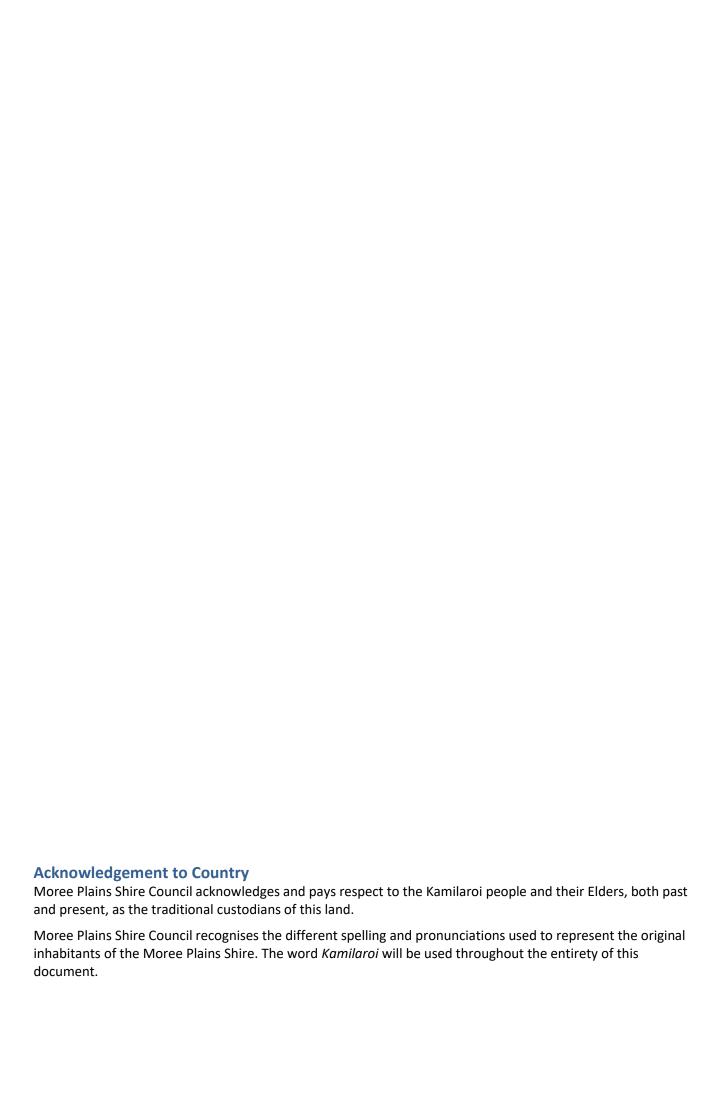
Community Participation Plan

To provide guidance on how the community can become involved and express their opinions on different types of planning documents.





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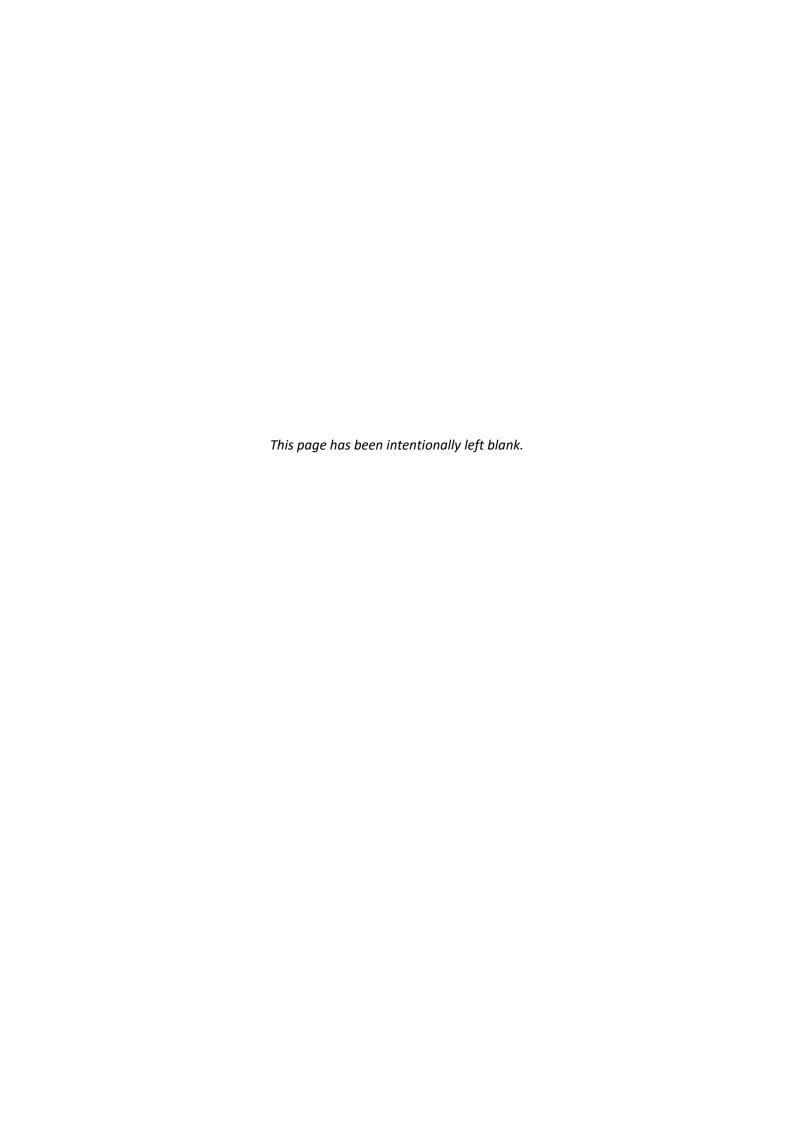
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1. What is a Community Participation Plan?

This Community Participation Plan (CPP) wants to ensure that the Local Government Area (LGA) of Moree Plains Shire Council (Council) continues to support and facilitate an inclusive and diverse community through cooperative design.

Community participation is a vital aspect for planning and development across this LGA. This CPP is an invitation to the community to communicate with Council about planning decisions, to achieve better economic, environmental and social outcomes for present and future Stakeholders.

This CPP is to provide guidance on how the community can become involved and express their opinions on different types of planning documents. Further, this CPP is to provide transparency for the community and explain the community's role in planning and development assessment processes.

1.1 Where does this CPP apply?

This CPP only applies to the Moree Plains Shire Council LGA and Council's exercise of its planning functions under the *Environment Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (NSW) (the *EP&A Act*) and the *Local Government Act 1993* (NSW) (the *LG Act*).

This CPP has been developed in accordance with the requirements of the *EP&A Act*, the *LG Act*, and the New England and North West Regional Plan (**the Regional Plan**) see Appendix 2, Council's Community Strategic Plan (**the CSP**) and Council's Community Engagement Framework (**CEF**) see Appendix 3.

Figure 1.1: Council's CEF



1.2 What is included in the CPP?

This CPP provides details on mandatory and best practice approaches for developments and plans where Council is the delegated authority. This CPP also provides guides for how the community can participate in matters external to Council.

This CPP enables Council to direct certain Development Applications (**DA**) to be determined by Council . DA determinations remain as per Council's delegations, unless specified otherwise in this CPP.

1.3 How will the CPP be used?

This CPP explains the level of engagement the community can have for the different types of development, planning and assessment projects.

This CPP provides transparency and accountability in the development, planning and assessment process within the LGA.

This CPP has been developed having regard to NSW Planning's CPP, the Regional Plan, Council's CSP and CEF. However, this CPP specifically focuses on community participation in urban planning under the *EP&A Act*.

1.4 New Planning Framework (LSPS, LEP and DCP development)

The Local Strategic Planning Statement (LSPS) will:

- ✓ interpret Council's vision, as stated in the CSP, and use this to guide the land use
 planning of Moree Plains Shire in a way that meets the needs of the community;
- ✓ be utilised as a framework for a new Local Environmental Plan (LEP) and Development Control Plan (DCP); and
- provides another medium for the community's voice to be communicated to Council and its planning system.

2. Why is Community Participation in Planning important?

Council's planning system helps to define impacts on the quality of daily experiences for the local community and Stakeholders. Council is committed to ongoing and meaningful engagement with the community and Stakeholders to help improve this experience.

By engaging with the community and seeking to better understand how communities and Stakeholders interact with this LGA and their future goals, Council can achieve better attuned planning outcomes.

By encouraging greater community participation, Council can reduce confusion and inconsistency as to how Stakeholders interact with the planning system. By increasing engagement, Council hopes to strengthen its relationships with the community and Stakeholders, with emphasis on those groups isolated by distance, language, mobility and socioeconomic status. Council aims for engagement to increase strength and cooperation between community groups and Stakeholders and unite them over planning for their future.

2.1 Why does Council engage with the community?

Council engages with the community to help build trust and achieve better outcomes.

Council's objective of community engagement is to:

- ✓ identify and understand what is important to the community;
- ✓ ensure that Council's services best meet the range of community needs;
- ✓ allow a broad variety of voices to be heard;
- ✓ identify shared values, benefits and outcomes;
- ✓ identify how Council and the community can work together to realise Council's goals;
 and
- ✓ manage risks by understanding and anticipating issues before they escalate.

2.2 What are the principles of community participation?

We have committed to ensuring:

- ✓ Equity: everyone should have a fair opportunity to participate in the future of the community
- ✔ Participation: everyone should have the maximum opportunity to genuinely participate in decisions affecting their lives
- ✓ Access: people should have access to the information they need to understand government planning and decision-making in order to participate in an informed way

Rights: individuals and groups are encouraged to take a role in the community and are empowered with the skills, support and the opportunity to shape and influence the decisions that affect our community now and into the future

2.3 How can we understand different levels of participation?

Council has a detailed community engagement framework, a copy of which is annexed to this CPP and our Community Engagement Strategy.

2.4 Why do we need to apply different levels of participation to different scales of development?

Different scales of development require different levels of community participation.

Table 2.1 shows the three primary scales used in this CPP, being: Development Assessment, plan making, and other matters external to Council.

Table 2.1: Primary Scales for determining Participation Levels

	STATUTORY DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT	STRATEGIC PLAN MAKING	OTHER EXTERNAL MATTERS
Why is this important to participation?	Improves efficiencies by enhancing systems that Council controls. It also builds trust with the community by providing clear and consistent responses and involve Stakeholders in local matters.	Opportunities for embedding community in submissions or exhibition of Council-led projects.	Advocate for the community and provide an opportunity for innovation in community participation for projects outside of Council's control.
When?	Primarily during the exhibition stage, and sometimes continues on post-determination notification.	Before, during and after exhibition.	Primarily during exhibition and continuously advocate for the community's interests.
How?	By trying to make decision in the public interest.	By providing a Council managed platform for consolidating community feedback and incorporating into Council reporting.	By informing and notifying the community of submission opportunities and promoting the community's interests.
Example	The community can submit a response to a DA notification.	The community can attend workshops or participate in surveys to provide feedback on a plan or design-led process.	Make a submission directly to the external agency or provide feedback to Council for their formal submission.
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3. What are the exhibition timeframe and notification requirements?

This section outlines all notification and exhibition requirements under the *EP&A Act*. Any notification and advertising requirements in the Moree Plains Shire Council DCP have been incorporated and are superseded by this CPP.

On all levels of government there is an intention to actively involve the community in the planning process.

There are both mandatory and non-mandatory requirements that apply to public exhibition of a development application or plan. Mandatory requirements legally protect the community's right to make submissions on planning decisions that affect them. Non-mandatory requirements reflect best practice approaches in ensuring that there is an intention to actively involve the community in the planning process.

3.1 What are the requirements for exhibition?

Council endorsement is required before public exhibition of a draft planning document can be released for comment. See Table 3.1 to 3.5 below.

Engagement for these planning documents will include:

- ✓ public exhibition at Council service centres and libraries;
- ✓ notice on Council's website:
- ✓ notification via letters to neighbours and adjoining property owners and occupiers (see Figure 3.1); and
- ✓ for advertised development, a sign exhibited on the land and on a Council notice board, visible from a public space.

Council is also required to place an advertisement in the local paper for all planning documents, except for small scale DAs and those plans listed in Table 3.4 below.

3.2 Can Council extend the engagement for Development Applications?

For assessments of DAs, there may be cases that require an extension of the notification timeframes and distribution area for engagement.

It is within Council's discretion to determine if more consultation is required via additional engagement. Additional engagement means an extension of the notification timeframes and distribution area for engagement.

The Council officer with the delegated authority will consider the following:

✓ significant public interest demonstrated via the number of submissions, petitions or interactions with Council;

- ✓ formal requests with justification for an extension;
- ✓ the scale of the development; and
- the scale and scope of the potential impact of the development being greater than the adjoining properties shown in Figure 3.1.

Council will extend an exhibition period if it is due to close on a weekend or a public holiday.

The period between 20 December and 10 January (inclusive) is excluded from the calculation of any public exhibition period. Other religious or cultural dates that are significant to the LGA may be excluded from the exhibition period or warrant an extension.

Table 3.1: Plan Making Exhibition Timeframes – MANDATORY

Planning Document	Mandatory Timeframes
Draft Community Participation Plan	28 days
Planning proposals for LEPs, subject to a gateway determination	28 days – unless otherwise specified in the gateway determination
Draft Development Control Plan	28 days
Draft Contribution Plans	28 days
Local Strategic Planning Statements	28 days
Planning Agreements	28 days

Table 3.2: Exhibition Timeframes – MANDATORY/BEST PRACTICE

Planning Document	Mandatory Timeframes
Application for development consent for Designated Development	28 days
Application for development consent for State significant development	28 days
Application for development consent that is required to be publicly exhibited by regulation, but not included in Tables 3.4 and 3.5 (including modifications)	28 days
Integrated Development	28 days
Environmental Impact Statements (under <i>EP&A Act</i> divs 5.1-5.2)	28 days

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Table 3.3: Other Planning Matters Exhibition Timeframes – BEST PRACTICE GUIDELINES

Planning Document	Best Practice Guidelines Timeframes
Policy or guidelines	28 days
Plans for urban renewal areas and masterplans	42 days
Re-exhibition of any matter referred to above in Tables 3.1 and 3.2	Same as the original exhibition period
Developments exempt from notification	Development not subject to Type A or Type B procedures (outlined in Table 3.4) will be exempt from notification.

Table 3.4: Development Assessment ('DA') Exhibition Timeframes – TYPE A

Minimum Timeframe: 14 days

Planning Document: Type	A Developments	Required Advertising and	l Exhibition
Applies to applications for development consent of small scaled developments, for which Council is the delegated authority.		Notification via letters to owners and occupiers of adjoining properties or authorities deemed affected by Council (as shown in Figure 3.1).	
 Dwelling houses, ancillary structure Secondary dwelling Dual occupancies; Attached dwelling Boarding houses (Group homes (less Hostels (less than Multi-dwelling dwellings); Residential flat dwellings); Seniors housing than 10 dwellings Shop top housing Change of uses the properties; and 	alteration and additions or as of two or more storeys; ngs; gs (less than 10 dwellings); less than 12 lodgers); s than 12 lodgers); 10 lodgers); nousing (less than 10 buildings (less than 10 fless than 10 beds or less); (less than 10 dwellings); that may impact adjoining oment not subject to larger	proposed developed height, external of the A description of the The address of the The name of the proposed developed or a company); Advice that the Council during charge; and The closing date days from the days from the days from the days in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1). The delegation of the Internal Council will limit neighbor adjoining properties affect in Figure 3.1).	gible A4 sized plan of the lopment that depicts its configuration and siting; the proposed development; ne development site; applicant to carry out the pment (can be an individual plans may be inspected at business hours, free of for written submissions (14)
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Planning Document: Type A Developments	Required Advertising and Exhibition
advertising and where, in the opinion of the delegated Council Officer, it is likely to impact residential properties.	

Table 3.5: Development Assessment ('DA') Exhibition Timeframes – TYPE B

Minimum Timeframe: 21 days from the date of the advertisement in the local newspaper.

Planning Document: Type B Developments Required Advertising and Exhibition Applies to application for development where a Notification letters are sent to all owners and proposal is likely to have a potential impact on a occupiers of adjoining and surrounding properties broader scale than Type A and other than for (see Figure 3.1), and any other individuals, groups, complying development certificate, for Designated organisations, public authorities likely to have an Development or for State significant development. interest in the proposed development, as determined by Council. Notification letters will include: Type B development includes: Address of the proposed development; Attached dwellings (10 or more dwellings); Name of the applicant and the name of the Boarding houses (12 or more lodgers); consent authority; Complete or substantial demolition of a Description of the proposed development; heritage item; Name and contact number of the relevant Complete or substantial demolition of any Council officer: significant feature of a heritage item; Advice that the plans may be inspected Group homes (12 or more lodgers); during business hours at Council's office; Hostels (12 or more lodgers); A statement that any person may make a Multi-dwelling housing (10 more submission during the notification period; dwellings); The closing date for written submissions, Residential flat buildings (10 or more method of delivery of submissions; and dwellings); Reference to political donations form if Shop top housing (10 or more dwellings); relevant. Hotel and motel accommodation; Serviced apartments; Public entertainment facilities; Council will limit neighbour notification to those Registered clubs; adjoining properties affected by a proposal as well as Pubs: the owners of the properties separated by only a Restricted premises; walkway, driveway or laneway. The delegated Council Adult services premises; officer may extent the notification area or timeframe Massage parlours; if deemed appropriate. Educational establishments; Hospitals; Community facilities;

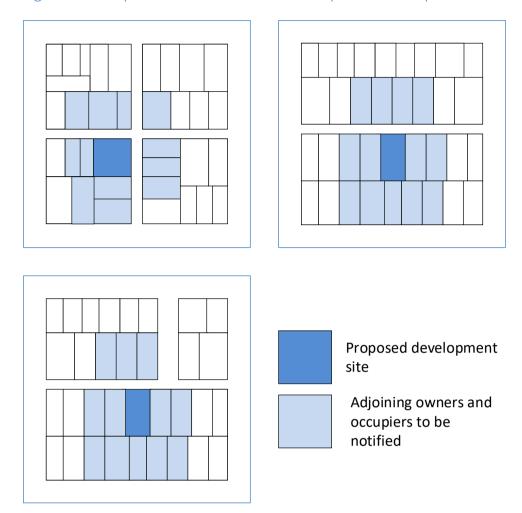
Places of public worship;

Planning Document: Type B Developments Required Advertising and Exhibition Recreational areas and major recreational facilities; Amusement centres; Child care centres; Funeral homes; Methadone clinics; Non-residential development in the residential zone requiring a DA (expect for demotion or strata subdivision or subdivision an approved dual occupancy or modification of minimal environmental impact); New building in an industrial or business zone; Development in the industrial zone that is adjoining or opposite residential zoned land, where the hours of operation extend outside the hours of 7:00am-7:00pm (except for demolition, subdivision, modification of minor environmental impact or where development is located inside a retail shopping complex); Development subject to SEPP 33; and

Any other development not subject to Type A

notification.

Figure 3.1: Properties to be Notified of a Proposed Development



3.3 How can Development Applications be viewed by the public?

Any application for which notification has been provided in accordance with this CPP may be lodged with additional plans and information and these will be available for inspection at Council's Moree office.

For development being determined by local and regional planning panels, a full set of the DA plans will be available for inspection at Council's Moree office during business hours. Council is legally required to make extracts of applications available. Inspection of these applications is subject to written consent of the applicant's design professional as per the *Copyright Act* 1968 (Cth).

3.4 How can the public lodge submissions?

The submission period is the same as the notification period.

Submissions are in the form of letters, petitions or similar written representations from individuals or groups regarding a particular application.

3.5 How will submissions be considered?

All submissions received within the nominated time frame will be considered when determining an application.

Submissions received after the nominated timeframe will only be considered where possible.

Applications will not be determined prior to the expiry of the nominated notification period.

Submissions should:

- o Be in writing (via mail, email, fax or hand delivered);
- Be delivered to Council on or before the last day of the exhibition timeframe (unless otherwise specified); and
- Contain the name and address of the person making the submission; the application number and the address of the property subject of the development proposal; and detail all reasons for the submissions.

Submissions can be delivered via:		
Email	Council@mpsc.nsw.gov.au	
Mail	Moree Plains Shire Council PO Box 420 MOREE NSW 2400	
Fax	(02) 6752 3934	
In person	Level 2, 30 Heber Street MOREE NSW 2400	

3.6 Is Council obligated to notify the public of outcomes from the assessment?

As a consent authority, it is mandatory for Council to formally notify the public of the outcomes of development consent or modification of development consent application assessments.

Council will give notice of the determination of an application to each person who has made a written submission. In the case of a submitted petition, the nominated instigator or if there is none, the first name written, will be notified.

Council's notification must include:

- o The decision;
- The date of the decision;
- o The reasons behind the determination; and
- How the community's views were considered in the decision-making process.

Council will issue a notice of determination, once assessment of the DA and all submissions have been received. The notice of determination or Council's assessment report will

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specifically address matters of concern raised in submissions and provide justification for their reason.

Where a matter is referred to an applicable Planning Panel, if practicable, Council will advise applicants and objectors of the time and date of the meetings.

Council will summarise the terms of any objections in the DA report process. The name and address of objectors will be withheld from the report, however, persons making submissions should be aware that their details will be kept on file and may be accessed under via an application under the *Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009* (NSW).

3.7 How should the community be kept informed of outcomes from the engagement?

While it is not mandatory, it is considered best practice for Council to keep the community informed of any outcomes from their engagement. This process will help build trust between the community and the planning process and potentially increase community participation in the future.

Closing the feedback loop can involve Council publicising a report that outlines the issues raised in submissions and how these issues have been addressed.

3.8 How will consent modifications or reviews be notified?

Requests for a review or major modification of Council's determination will be notified in the same manner as the original application.

If the delegated Council officer determines that a modification of an application, under *EP&A Act* s 4.55, will have no additional impact on any of the properties outlined in Figure 3.1, then no additional notification will be required.

3.9 How can the public lodge submissions?

For any adjoining or surrounding properties (as outlined in Figure 3.1), a notification letter will be sent to the owners.

If the development occurs on the boundary of another LGA, the adjoining Council will be notified.

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4. How can the Community Participate in the Planning Process?

This section is a guide for engaging on planning matters. In an attempt to achieve the most out of the community engagement, participation will be tailored to each of Council's planning functions. It is important to incorporate various techniques that cater for a variety of community members.

4.1 What are the different types of engagement?

Communications and Information Sharing

- Print (rates notices and flyers)
- Digital (email or social media)

Face-to-Face Participation

- Pop-ups
- Mobile pop-ups (primarily the villages)

Technology Assisted

- Surveys
- Mapping software

4.2 What are the different pathways for planning?

Each participation pathway is determined on a case-by-case basis, whilst incorporating legislated methods of notification.

The following two pathways have been identified for this CPP:

- ✓ **Statutory Planning:** manages the assessment of DAs. The statutory platforms are informed by controls outlined in the strategic platforms.
- ✓ **Strategic Planning:** sets the desired outcomes and provides direction on how to achieve them. The strategic platforms enable development and help manage change. This includes planning proposals, preparing planning controls, contribution plans and plans for urban renewal sites.

4.3 Statutory Planning

As previously outlined in Chapter 1.1, the NSW planning system is governed primarily by the EP&A Act and the EP&A Regulations.

The EP&A Act identifies if Council, or another planning authority, such as an expert panel or the State Government, will assess the development. This depends on the development's potential impact and scale.

Participation opportunities will be determined depending if the development is minor, medium or major. For minor development, Council is the delegated authority. For medium to major development, either the Local Planning Panel and Regional Planning panel will be the delegated authority.

Table 4.1: Overview of Engagement Techniques and Timing – MINOR DEVELOPMENT

Delegated Council officers will determine the applicable engagement techniques and their timing, in accordance with the mandatory levels of notification, as previously outlines in Chapter 3.

Level of Participation	When?	How? Before Exhibition	How? During Exhibition	How? After Exhibition	Regulatory Considerations
INFORM	Notifications during and following exhibition phase (or signage once a complying development certificate is issued by a certifier).	N/A	Letters to adjacent and surrounding properties. Advertising in the local newspaper and online. Not all DAs need to be advertised.	Advertising in the local newspaper and online. Notify submitters of the outcome.	Adjacent and surrounding properties are to be notified of the DA in writing. It is considered best practice to place a sign regarding the result of the DA on the proposed site.
CONSULT	At the exhibition phase for DAs. At the exhibition phase for master plans.	N/A Advertising of engagement opportunities.	Online submissions and letters received. Face-to-face methods such as workshops or focus groups. Online surveys.	As above.	14 days minimum exhibition period for low impact DAs. 28 days minimum for Designated Development (potential high impact DAs).

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Table 4.2: Overview of Engagement Techniques and Timing – MEDIUM TO MAJOR DEVELOPMENT

Council will determine the most sensitive and complex development applications. All Council meetings are recorded and open to the public. Council may also have the delegation to undertaking rezoning reviews or act as the responsible proposal authority.

Level of Participation	When?	How? Before Exhibition	How? During Exhibition	How? After Exhibition	Regulatory Considerations
INFORM	Advertised on Council's website and in the local newspaper.	Council to advertise and promote opportunities for community participation via submissions or public hearings.	N/A	Close the feedback loop for participants in the process.	The panel must give reasonable notice to the public of the times and places of its meetings.
CONSULT	Consult at any time with Council to deliberate.	N/A	Council may directly requested additional information or to discuss specific impacts of proposed development.	As above.	Council must consult with Council for a development that may have a significant and adverse impact on the Council.
	Written submission or verbal submissions at the public hearing.	Host information sessions or public hearings to discuss proposed development with the public.	Community members can register to speak to Council at the public meeting. All written submissions sent to Council will be recorded and considered.	N/A	Permitted at the panels discretion.

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4.4 Strategic Planning

Council or another delegated Authority (Department or Panel) can undertake plan making.

Council's LEP is the primary policy and Council's DCP is the primary guidelines for plan making.

Table 4.3: Overview of Engagement Techniques and Timing – STRATEGIC PLANNING INTERNAL TO COUNCIL

Level o Participation	When?	How?	How?	How?	Regulatory Considerations
		Before Exhibition	During Exhibition	After Exhibition	
INFORM	Continues throughout the entire project timeframe, yet more targeted at participation opportunities.	information sessions and	Council's website to keep community up to date on projects and promote opportunities for community participation.		

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CONSULT	Throughout significant stages of a project.	Workshops.	Online surveys and present opportunities for written submissions.	Notify the public of exhibition outcomes.	Provide opportunity for written submissions.
INVOLVE	At each significant decision making stage of a project, Council will seek feedback and explain outcomes.	Specifically focused workshops.	As above.	Notify the public of exhibition outcomes and seek further clarification and opinions on controversial issues if necessary.	As above.
COLLABORATE	Multiple opportunities to include the community across the project.	Cooperative design workshops and advisory committee meetings. Communicate opportunities to the community to make submissions on decision making.	As above.	Seek participation via workshops and focus groups that seek community engagement on the finalisation of the plan.	As above.
EMPOWER	From the project's commencement to its finalisation, and if necessary continue afterwards.	Committee meetings, ballots, and surveys.	As above.	Ongoing involvement from participants through established committees.	There is limited opportunity for additional empowerment as projects are bound by regulatory framework.

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Table 4.4: Overview of Engagement Techniques and Timing – STRATEGIC PLANNING EXTERNAL TO COUNCIL

Policies, such as State Environmental Planning Policies (**SEPPs**), developed by other government agencies govern major projects, therefore not requiring Council to undertake engagement. However, it is considered best practice for Council to keep the community informed of such development. State Significant Developments (**SSDs**) are determined due to their size, economic value, or potential impacts are identified and governed via the *State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011*. SSDs include airports, urban renewal strategies and district plans.

Level of Participation	When?	How? Before Exhibition	How? During Exhibition	How? After Exhibition	Regulatory Considerations
INFORM	Advertise opportunities for community participation	Promote Council-led opportunities for community participation.	Promote external opportunities for community participation.	Close the feedback loop by keeping participants informed.	No legislative requirements.
CONSULT	Before exhibition in order to encourage and inform potential submitters.	Workshops or Community Voice Panels.	Encourage formal written submissions.	N/A	No legislative requirements.
	During exhibition, continuing on throughout the life of the exhibition through advocating for community engagement.	N/A	Provide feedback on behalf of the community.	N/A	No legislative requirements.

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4.5 What type of engagement techniques can be used for different communities in the Moree Plains?

This CPP acknowledges the culturally diverse nature of the Moree Shire and aims to apply a flexible system of communication in order to increase effectiveness of community engagement.

Figure 4.1: Moree Plains Shire Council Local Government Area



Figure 4.2: Relevant Engagement Techniques



Translations

• Translate material into appropriate languages and tones in order to communicate the information clearly, to a variety of community groups.



Maildrops

- Mail drops newsletters to keep the community informed.
- Will be targeted to the area of development.



Information Brochures

• Provide information brochures at Council's offices and other relevant buildings, such as the library.



Outreach Centres

• Undertake informative activities out in the Villages for those community members' convenience.



Schools

- Connecting and engaging with both primary and high school students will gather insights from younger members of the community.
- Will also establish a good relationship with youth in order to increase effective community engagement in the future.



Social Media

- Engage with and inform the community via Council's Facebook page.
- This creates a more accessible avenue for engagement.



Media

• Advertise engagement opportunites via the local newspaper, radio and media releases.

5. How should Council measure and record participation?

5.1 Fyaluation

Evaluation of this CPP will be undertaken throughout the engagement periods, to ensure that each stage is adequately analysed.

This continuous evaluation enables improvements and modifications to be implemented throughout the engagement process.

5.2 Submissions

At a minimum, Council will:

- ✓ Register each submission on our digital record systems;
- ✓ Identify the core issues and respond to these;
- ✓ Record the name and contact details for the submission to be officially recognised;
- ✓ Send an acknowledgment of receipt of the submission;
- ✓ Outline how the submission has been considered in the assessment and evaluation of the DA.

Figure 5.1: Submission Process



Appendix 1: Regulatory Assurance Checklist

EP&A Act Reference	Checklist	Compliance	CPP Pinpoint
pt 2, div 2.6, s 2.22(1)	Set out public exhibition timeframes.	Yes	Chapter 3
	List the applicable minimum mandatory timeframes for the planning functions.	Yes	Chapter 3
	Clearly differentiate between mandatory and non-mandatory (best practice) timeframes.	Yes	Chapter 3
	Reinforce that reasons for decision making are given for DA determinations, pursuant to <i>EP&A Act</i> sch 1.	Yes	Chapter 4
	Detail how and when a planning authority will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions, pursuant to <i>EP&A Act</i> s 2.21(2).	Yes	Chapter 4
	Clearly state that the document only relates to the planning process.	Yes	Chapter 1
pt 2, div 2.6, s 2.23	Clearly state who this document applies to and the documents jurisdiction.	Yes	Chapter 1
	Have regard to the community participation principals established in the <i>EP&A Act</i> s 2.23(2).	Yes	Chapter 2
	Present the information in plain English.	Yes	Chapter 2
sch 1 & pt 2, div 2.6, s 2.24(1)	Publically exhibit for 28 days and publish on the NSW Planning Portal by 1 December 2019.	Yes	Chapter 1

Appendix 2: Local Government Priorities and Principles for the Moree Plains LGA

Source: New England and North West Regional Plan to 2038

Priorities

Deliver a variety of housing options in Moree and promote development that contributes to the unique character of Mungindi, Boggabilla, Ashley, Biniguy, Boomi, Pallamallawa, Gurley and Weemelah.

Encourage diversification in agriculture, horticulture and agribusiness to grow these sectors and harness domestic and international opportunities.

Continue to develop access and logistics infrastructure on appropriate sites to encourage new industry opportunities.

Support Moree as a 'Smart City' to reduce costs and enhance services for agribusiness and dependent business suppliers.

Expand nature-based adventure and cultural tourism places and enhance visitor experience, including MAAC and the MWP as major regional sports, recreation and cultural facilities.

Promote a vibrant, youthful and mobile workforce and provide services for the ageing population.

Identify and promote wind, solar and other renewable energy production opportunities.

Land Suitability Principles

New land release areas are to be located adjacent to existing urban settlements to maximise the efficient use of existing infrastructure and services, including water, sewer, road and waste services.

Where new development is proposed away from existing settlements, the provision of essential infrastructure must have no cost to government.

The location, structure and layout of rural residential release areas should promote clustering to encourage a sense of community and facilitate the long-term expansion of existing centres and residential areas.

Direct new land release areas to unconstrained land by avoiding areas of high environmental value, cultural, and heritage significance and/or areas affected by natural hazards such as flooding or bushfire.

New land release areas should avoid and manage the potential for land use conflicts with existing and likely future adjoining uses and infrastructure, including important agricultural land and productive resource lands.

Development Structure and Form Principles

Require new land release areas to provide links to adjoining areas to ensure new areas are well integrated and maximise efficiency and shared use of services and facilities.

Recognise, protect and be compatible with any unique topographic, natural or built cultural features essential to the visual setting, character, identity, or other heritage significance.

Support and maintain strong multi-functional central business precincts and support the viability of centres.

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Provide housing diversity targets to support a variety of dwelling types and a choice in location, form and affordability.

Design and locate land uses to minimise the need to travel; to maximise opportunity for efficient public transport and pedestrian access options; and to encourage energy and resource energy.

Design and locate development to maximise total water cycle management and promote passive environmental design principles. Water sensitive urban design techniques should be incorporated into the design of dwellings, streets, parking areas, subdivisions and multi-unit, commercial and industrial developments.

Create walkable communities within the hierarchy of settlement.

Provide for local services that meet the day to day needs of residents and areas for open space and recreation.

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Appendix 3: Council's Engagement Framework

This framework is not intended to prescribe exactly how the community should be engaged for every project or issue, due to the volume and range of Council initiatives. Rather, it should provide an outline of our community engagement process to assist in planning and conducting effective engagement initiatives.

Determining the level of impact

The first step of our process requires us to determine the level of community input that is required due to the issue, plan or project. This framework recognises that our staff have the capacity to judge the level of impact and the appropriate level of community participation.

The following table outlines the four impact levels, which are based on the assumption that any project, issue, service or action will have some real or perceived impact on the community.

Level	Description	Example
LEVEL 1: High Impact – Whole Shire	High level of impact or risk across the Moree Plains Shire. This may include any impact on the health, safety or well being of residents.	Removal of a facility or service catering across Moree Plains.
LEVEL 2: High Impact - Local	High level of real or perceived impact or risk on a local area, small community or user group(s) of a specific facility or service.	Re-development of a sports ground.
LEVEL 3: Lower Impact - Whole Shire	Lower, although still some real or perceived impact or risk across the Moree Plains Shire community.	Changes to Council's Customer Service processes.
LEVEL 4: Lower Impact - Local	Lower level of impact or risk on a local area, small community or user group of a specific facility or service.	Local street or streetscape upgrade.

Determining the level of engagement

Council has adapted IAP2's framework to assist with this step which determines the level of influence the community will have. The framework is based on five different levels of engagement, which ranges from informing (providing information, reflecting a low level of engagement) through to empowering (reflecting a high level of engagement).

All of our engagement initiatives need to inform, most will have some level of consultation and some will include more active participation, such as empowerment, as shown in the table below:

	INFORM	CONSULT	INVOLVE	COLLABORATE	EMPOWER
Goal	To provide the public with balanced and objective information to assist them in understanding the problems, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions	To obtain public feedback on analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.	To work directly with the public throughout the process to ensure that public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered.	To partner with the public in each aspect of the decision including the development of alternatives and the identification of the preferred solution.	To place final decision-making in the hands of the public.
Promise to the community	We will keep you informed.	We will keep you informed, listen to and acknowledge concerns and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will work with you to ensure that your concerns and aspirations are directly reflected in the alternatives developed and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will work with you to ensure that your concerns and aspirations are directly reflected in the alternatives developed and provide feedback on how public input influenced the decision.	We will implement what you decide.
Recent examples	Waste education	Green waste kerbside collection	Reconciliation Action Plan	Ron Harborne Oval Upgrades	Road Network Consultative Group upgrade of causeways

Methods of engagement

The following matrix can be used as a guide to ensure the appropriate engagement methods and tools are aligned to the level of impact and engagement.

In order to ensure that our community engagement activities evolve to meet the changing needs of the community we will continually review and update our methods of engagement for relevance. We will also attempt to facilitate, where possible, engagement activities to ensure convenience, accessibility value and reduced duplication of activities.

Type of engagement	LEVEL 1:	LEVEL 2:	LEVEL 3:	LEVEL 4:
	High Impact –	High Impact –	Lower Impact	Lower Impact
	Shire Wide	Localised	Shire Wide	Localised
INFORM				
Personal meeting	-	✓ ✓	✓	√√
Written ccorrespondence, mail out or	///	///	√	./
letter box drop	• • •	• • •	•	•
On hold message	///	√ √	-	-
Email to contacts	///	√ √	√√	-
Fact sheet or brochure	✓	✓	-	-
Media release	///	√ √	-	-
Information on Council's website or	///	///	//	//
social media	V V V	V V V	•	
Council Clipboard	√√	✓ ✓	√√	✓
Displays and exhibits	√√	√ √	✓	✓
Shopfront	√√	√ √	✓	✓
Banner/poster/sign	√√	√ √	✓	-

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Might be applicable Desirable Recommended



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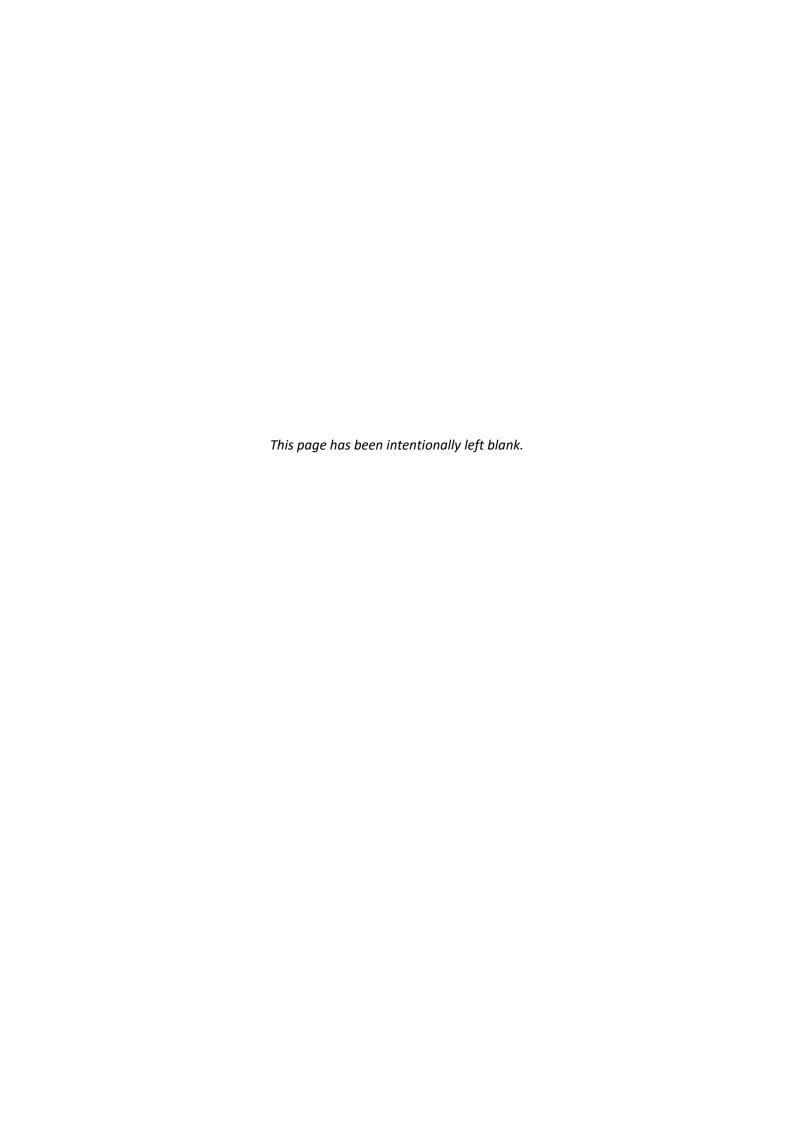
Type of engagement	LEVEL 1:	LEVEL 2:	LEVEL 3:	LEVEL 4:
	High Impact –	High Impact –	Lower Impact	Lower Impact
	Shire Wide	Localised	- Shire Wide	Localised
CONSULT				
Email/Letter/Media promotion inviting submissions	///	//	//	-
Telephone survey	√√	✓	✓	✓
Written survey	√√	✓	✓	-
Public exhibition	✓ ✓	✓	✓	-
INVOLVE				
Meetings with Stakeholders/ community groups	///	//	//	//
Online discussion forum	√√	√ √	-	-
Information session/briefing	√√	√√	✓	✓
Focus group	√√	√√	√√	√√
Site tour	✓	√√	✓	✓
Community forum	✓	✓	✓	✓
COLLABORATE				
Community committee	√√	-	-	-
Workshop	√√√	√√	✓ ✓	✓
Working party/task force	✓ ✓	✓	✓	-
Joint advisory committee	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓	✓
EMPOWER				
Voting	✓ ✓	=	√√	-
Citizen juries	√ √	✓	✓	✓

Glossary

Term	Definition
CEF	Moree Plains Shire Council's Community Engagement Framework, included in Appendix 3 of this document.
community	Community refers to the people who live in, participate in, visit or have an interest in the Moree Plains Shire LGA.
community engagement	The involvement of the community in the decision making process of Council, where the community is encouraged to provide feedback on a range of issues that affect them.
СРР	Community Participation Plan
Contribution Plans	Plans developed by Councils for the purpose of gaining financial contributions from new development towards the cost of new and upgraded public amenities or services requires, or both, to accommodate the new development.
CSP	Moree Plains Shire Council's Community Strategic Plan.
Designated Development	Development that are high impact developments or are located in or near an environmentally sensitive area.
DCP	Development Control Plans.
	Plans that provide detailed planning and design guidelines to support the planning controls in a LEP.
EP&A Act	Environment Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW).
International Association for Public <i>Participation</i> (IAP2)	IAP2 is an international association which seeks to promote and improve the practice of public participation or community engagement by incorporating individuals, governments, institutions and other entities that may affect public interest.
Gateway Determination	Gateway Determinations are issued following an assessment of the strategic merit of a proposal to amend or create an LEP and allows for the proposal to proceed to public exhibition.
LEP	Local Environmental Plan.
	An environmental planning instrument developed by local planning authorities to set the planning framework for a LGA.
LG Act	Local Government Act 1993 (NSW).
LGA	Local Government Area.

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	For the purposes of this document, the LGA referred to is the Moree Plains Shire. See Figure 4.1.
LPP	Local Planning Panel.
LSPS	Local Strategic Planning Statement.
Regional Strategic Plan	For the purposes of this document, the regional plan referred to is the New England and North West Regional Plan.
	20-year plans that address the community's needs for housing, jobs, infrastructure and a healthy environment for a Department of Planning and Environment region.
Stakeholder	Individuals or groups who have an interest in the Moree Plains LGA, or are impacted by the decisions of Council. This includes business representatives, professionals, local community groups, other levels or areas of Government and Government agencies.
SEPP	State Environmental Planning Policy.
	An environmental planning instrument developed by the Department of Planning and Environment, that relates to planning matters that are state significant or are applicable across the state.
SSD	State Significant Development.
	Developments are determined to have state significant due to their size, economic value, or potential impacts.





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